Oregon's
Function-based
Mitigation
Accounting for
Wetlands



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Overview

- Oregon mitigation objectives
 - Policy development history
- Assessing wetland functions and values
 - Oregon Rapid Wetland Assessment Protocol
 - Oregon Explorer Mapviewer
- Compensatory Wetland Mitigation
 - Eligibility
 - Accounting



DSL's agency goals

Mitigation process





DSL's agency goals

- **Protecting waters and wetlands** for their many contributions to Oregon, including
 - ✓ streams for swimming and fishing,
 - ✓ wetlands to clean water and reduce flooding, and
 - ✓ rivers where commerce thrives.
- Support a thriving Oregon As dedicated <u>stewards</u> of lands, waterways, and wetlands, we are committed to supporting thriving communities and a legacy of healthy, resilient, and accessible natural resources for the people of Oregon

Mitigation process



DSL's agency goals

Mitigation process (ORS 196.800)

- "<u>Mitigation</u>" means the reduction of adverse effects of a proposed project by considering, in the following order:
 - Avoiding the effect altogether by not taking a certain action or parts of an action
 - Minimizing the effect by limiting the degree or magnitude of the action and its implementation
 - Rectifying the effect by repairing, rehabilitating, or restoring the affected environment
 - Reducing or eliminating the effect over time by preservation and maintenance operations during the life of the action by monitoring and taking the corrective measures and
 - Compensating for the effect by creating, restoring, enhancing, or preserving substitute functions and values for the waters of this state



Agency goals

Mitigation process

- Replace functions and values lost at the impact site
- Provide local replacement for locally important functions and values
- Enhance, restore, create or preserve waters that are self sustaining
- Ensure ecologically suitable siting of compensatory mitigation
- Minimization of temporal loss

Function-based, Watershed Approach Program Development History

2009: Identified gaps & needs in Oregon

2009 - 2017:

Oregon Rapid Wetland Assessment Protocol (ORWAP) refinement Stream Function Accounting Method (SFAM) development & testing Policy development

Outreach

Transition option for existing banks

2018 - 2022:

Oregon DSL Rulemaking – decision to wait on stream accounting Wetland mitigation accounting rules

SFAM training and revisions

Implementation – forms, guidance & training

PROGRAM ELEMENTS

Site selection

Eligibility

Function assessment tools

Accounting

Stewardship

Performance standards

Monitoring requirements

Program effectiveness

Functions are the processes that create and support aquatic

ecosystems

Science based

Objective

Based on the physical, chemical, and biological characteristics of the aquatic resource



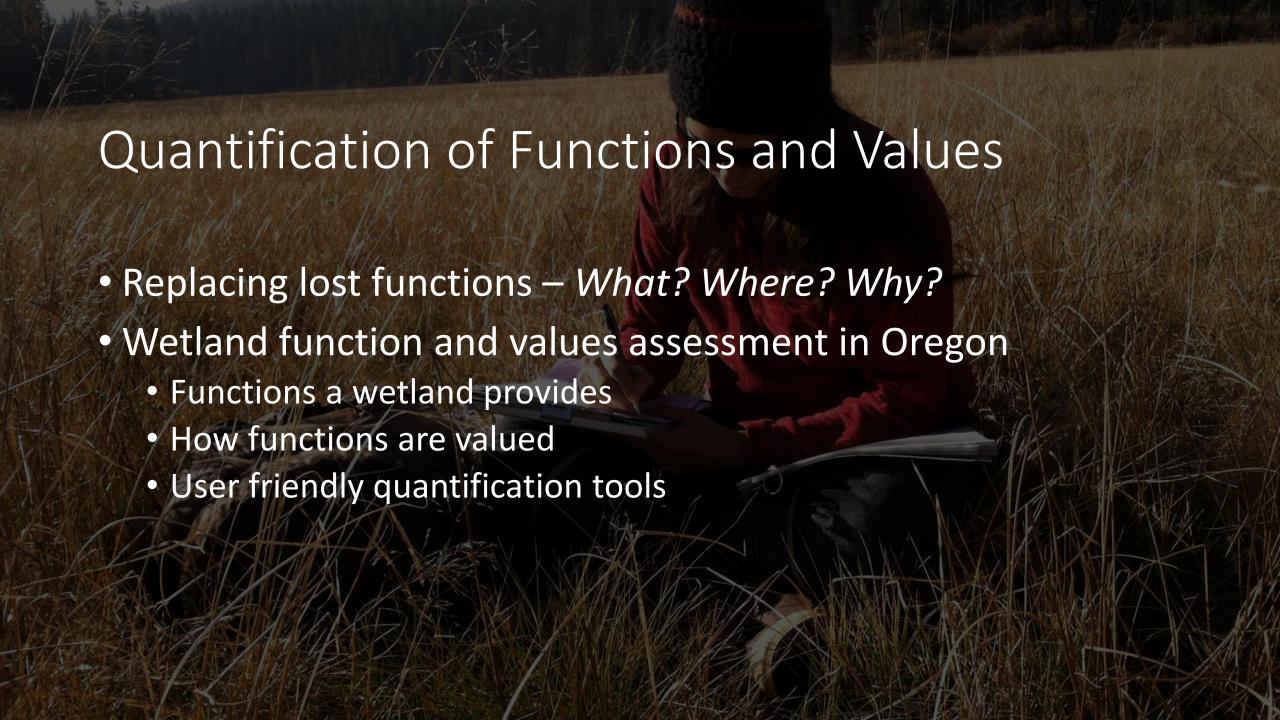
aquatic ecosystems provide

Subjective

Contextual

Driven by where a site is located within the watershed or basin





To replace (or mitigate for) lost functions they must be quantified

on Assessment Method

2009 - Oregon Rapid Wetland Assessment Protocol (ORWAP)

2008 - Agate Desert Vernal Pool Functional Assessment Method

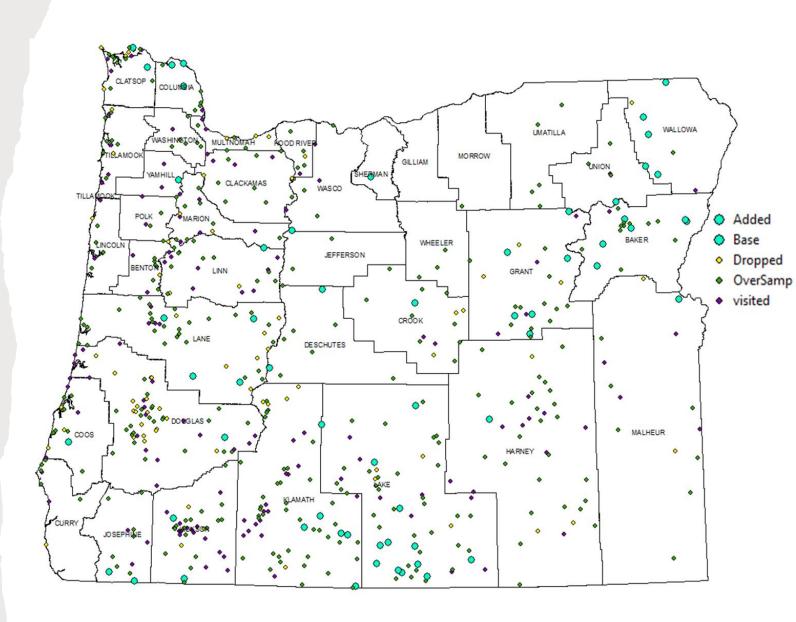
2001 - Hydrogeomorphic Assessment Methods (HGM)

Specific Functions or Values:	Function Score	Function Rating	Rating Break Proximity	Values Score	Values Rating	Rating Break Proximity
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	6.29	Moderate		8.33	Higher	
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	3.38	Lower	LM	3.75	Moderate	LM
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	3.96	Moderate		4.30	Moderate	
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	2.80	Lower		3.53	Lower	LM
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	6.00	Moderate		10.00	Higher	
Resident Fish Habitat (FR)	0.00	Lower		0.00	Lower	
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	6.25	Moderate		2.25	Lower	
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	8.02	Higher		2.28	Moderate	
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	3.89	Moderate		2.92	Moderate	LM
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	1.00	Lower		1.42	Lower	
Songbird, Raptor, Mammal Habitat (SBM)	1.71	Lower		5.00	Moderate	
Water Cooling (WC)	2.22	Lower	LM	0.00	Lower	
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	4.97	Moderate		6.67	Moderate	МН
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	5.36	Moderate		4.64	Moderate	
Organic Nutrient Export (OE)	4.89	Moderate				
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.46	Lower				
Public Use & Recognition (PU)				2.76	Lower	
Other Attributes:	Score	Rating	Rating Break Proximity			
Wetland Sensitivity (SEN)	0.92	Lower				
Wetland Ecological Condition (EC)	0.00	Lower				
Wetland Stressors (STR)	6.79	Higher				
GROUPS	Selected Function		Function Rating	Rating Break Proximity	Values Rating	Rating Break Proximity
Hydrologic Function (WS)	Water Storage & Delay (WS)		Moderate		Higher	
Water Quality Support (SR, PR, or NR)	Phosphorus Retention (PR)		Moderate		Moderate	
Fish Habitat (FA or FR)	Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)		Moderate		Higher	
Aquatic Habitat (AM, WBF, or WBN)	Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)		Higher		Moderate	
Ecosystem Support (WC, INV, PD, POL, SBM, or OE)	Native Plant Diversity (PD)		Moderate		Moderate	МН
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Example ORWAP Score Sheet — Riverine wetland with emergent vegetation

Oregon Rapid Wetland Assessment Method (ORWAP) version 3.2

- Science based
- Statewide applicability
- Tidal and non-tidal methods
- Incorporation of user feedback
- Streamlining of questions
- Sensitivity analysis
- Repeatability testing
- Normalization of scores (0-10 scale)



Wetland field sites for normalization study

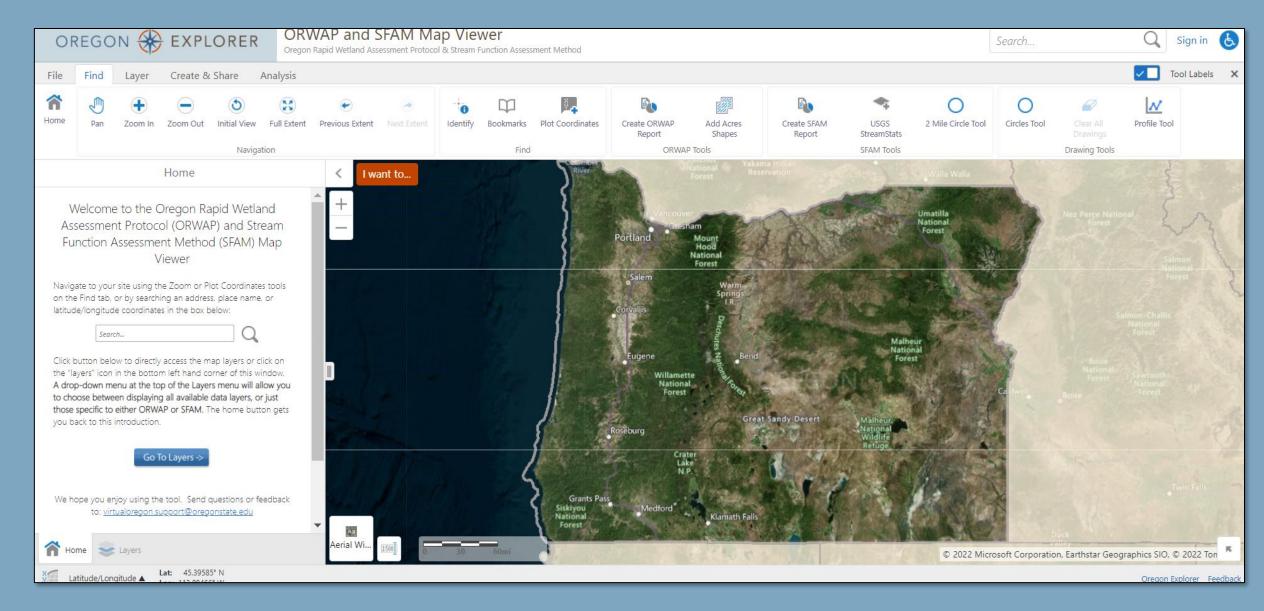
	Function Scores		Value & Other Attribute Scores		
		Confidence Interval		Confidence Interval	
Functions and Other Attributes	Mean (n=6)	(+/-)	Mean (n=6)	(+/-)	
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	2.56	0.38	4.27	0.53	
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	5.03	0.67	5.76	0.87	
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	6.36	0.71	3.93	0.56	
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	5.89	0.66	7.36	0.77	
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	6.03	0.74	7.25	0.82	
Resident Fish Habitat (FR)	2.99	1.21	5.20	1.43	
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	4.48	0.57	5.23	0.48	
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	3.76	0.50	2.11	0.34	
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	3.44	0.65	5.57	0.55	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	3.89	0.69	3.85	0.27	
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	4.74	0.65	5.78	0.21	
Water Cooling (WC)	3.77	0.83	3.78	0.54	
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	5.99	0.96	5.37	1.13	
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	5.33	0.78	3.64	0.65	
Organic Nutrient Export (OE)	5.59	0.51			
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	5.65	0.44			
Public Use & Recognition (PU)			6.03	0.62	
Wetland Sensitivity (SEN)			3.14	0.58	
Wetland Ecological Condition (EC)			5.32	0.67	
Wetland Stressors (STR)			4.73	0.82	
	Average:	0.68	Average:	0.66	



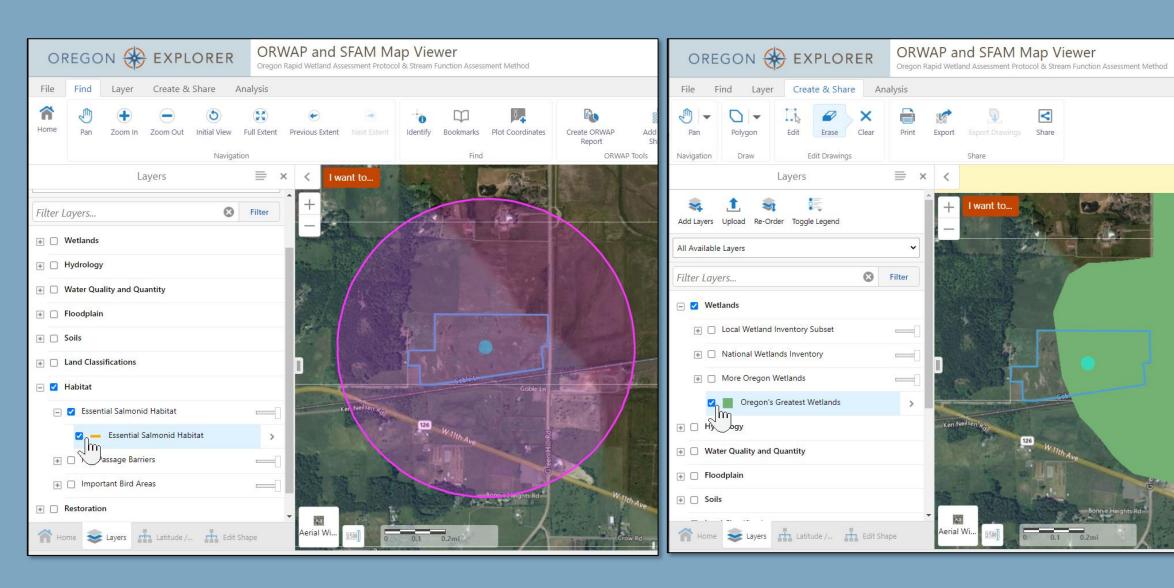
ORWAP Repeatability Study

- 19 Volunteers: wetland scientists, DSL, ACOE, & EPA staff
- 6 wetlands (2 of which were tidal)
- Confidence intervals for all functions and values

ORWAP/SFAM MAP VIEWER



ORWAP/SFAM MAP VIEWER



Click or tap



Principal objectives of mitigation

Eligibility policy



Principal objectives of mitigation

- Replace functions and values lost at the impact site
- Provide local replacement for locally important functions and values
- Enhance, restore, create or preserve waters that are self sustaining
- Ensure ecologically suitable siting of compensatory mitigation
- Minimization of temporal loss

Eligibility policy



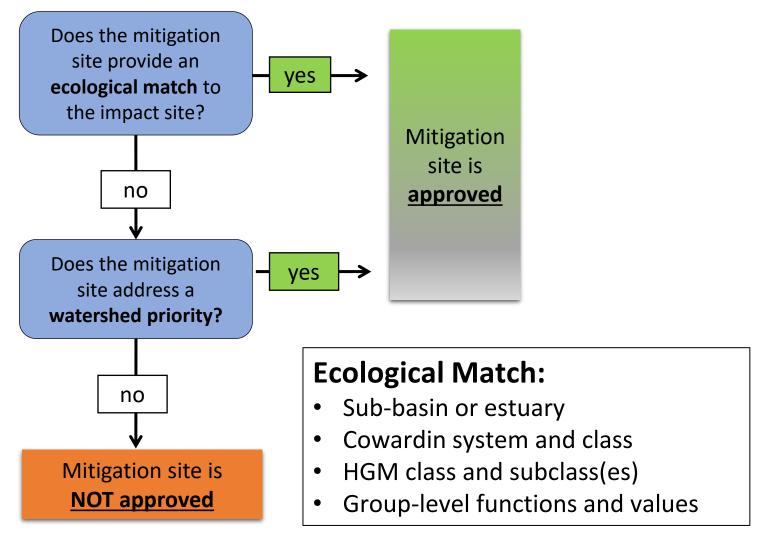
Principal objectives of mitigation

Eligibility policy

 Eligibility is the process for determining whether a proposed compensatory mitigation option provides an <u>ecological</u> <u>match</u> to offset permitted impacts

How are Functions and Values Incorporated into Wetland Mitigation Accounting in Oregon?

Step 1: DETERMINE ELIGIBILITY



NOTE: Aquatic Resources of Special Concern are subject to slightly different eligibility criteria



Principal objectives of mitigation

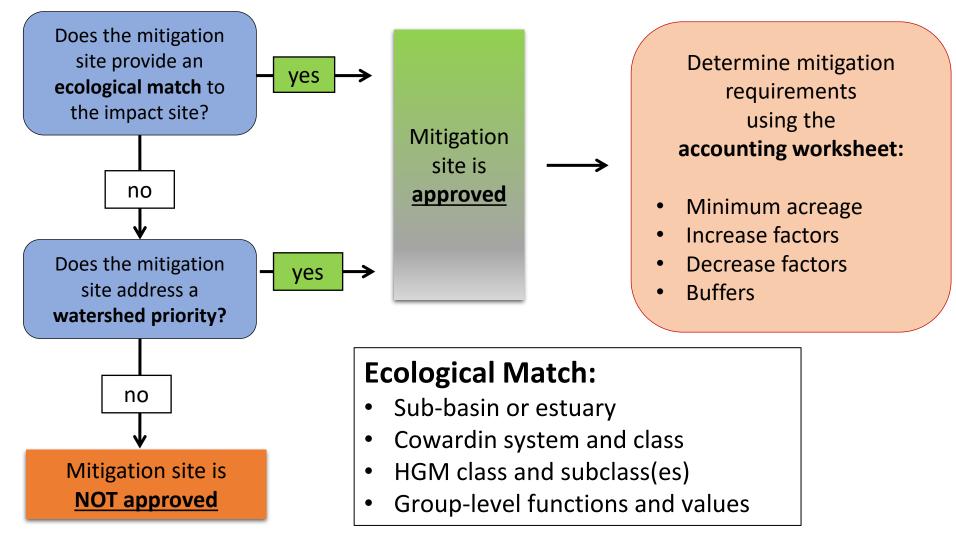
Eligibility policy

- Accounting consists of methods to calculate the <u>amount</u> of CWM required to offset wetland impacts.
- Accounting begins with a minimum acreage compensation (Base CWM Ratios)
- Base CWM ratios may be adjusted depending on certain factors.

How are Functions and Values Incorporated into Wetland Mitigation Accounting in Oregon?

Step 1: DETERMINE ELIGIBILITY

Step 2: MITIGATION ACCOUNTING



How are Functions and Values Incorporated into Wetland Mitigation Accounting in Oregon?

Minimum Acreage

- Compensatory wetland mitigation base ratios
 - Restoration/creation 1:1
 - Credit purchase 1:1
 - Enhancement 3:1
 - Preservation case-by-case,
 10:1

Adjustments to the base ratios

- Increase factors
 - Specific functions and value replacement
 - Temporal loss of functions (soils & veg based)
- Decrease factors
 - High level of function replacement
 - Site protection and stewardship

In summary

- Our society values the functions wetlands provide
- Lost functions must be quantified to be equivalently replaced
- Values inform mitigation decisions
- Wetland functions and values are incorporated into wetland mitigation accounting in Oregon:
 - Principle objectives
 - Eligibility policy
 - Accounting policy
- Function-based CWM is likely to result in more successful compensatory mitigation that maximizes mitigation outcome per effort



With thanks to:

- Additional team members for development of ORWAP, SFAM, Map Viewer, and the mitigation framework
- People who engaged with this project including regulated, mitigation banking, and restoration communities, federal, state, tribal, and local agencies, non-governmental organizations and the public
- Our agencies' leadership for their support of this project and our project development team

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More information

DSL: http://www.oregon.gov/dsl/WW/Pages/Aquatic-Resources-Mitigation-Framework.aspx

Oregon Explorer: http://oregonexplorer.info/topics/aquatic-mitigation?ptopic=38



Also in picture: Shauna Everett, USFWS (back row, middle)