



Leadership Skills to Foster Teamwork and Raise Staff Spirits

Paige Hector, LMSW
Paige Ahead Healthcare Education & Consulting, LLC
Professional Speaker and Clinical Educator
www.paigeahead.com
paige@paigeahead.com
520-955-3387

1



Topics

- Turnover and retention
- Facility culture
- Perceptions
- Nurturing morale
- Compassion fatigue and burnout
- Moral injury
- Setting boundaries
- Purpose
- Appreciation and recognition

2

Poll: Who's In the Room?

- NF/SNF - Executive Director or Administrator
- ALF/RCF – Executive Director or Administrator
- NF/SNF - Department Manager
- ALF/RCF – Department Manager
- NF/SNF – Staff Member
- ALF/RCF – Staff Member

3



*This presentation is about ideas to spark your
interest, creativity and ultimately achieve
sustainable culture change!*

4



5



6



Relationship With Time

“I don’t have enough time.”
“I can’t take on another task.”

- Instead of focusing on time, focus on *priorities*. By changing our priorities, and having different conversations, we can rearrange our day to meet our needs, and those of the people we serve.

7



Staff Retention is Not a New Challenge For Nursing Homes

Intensified with COVID-19

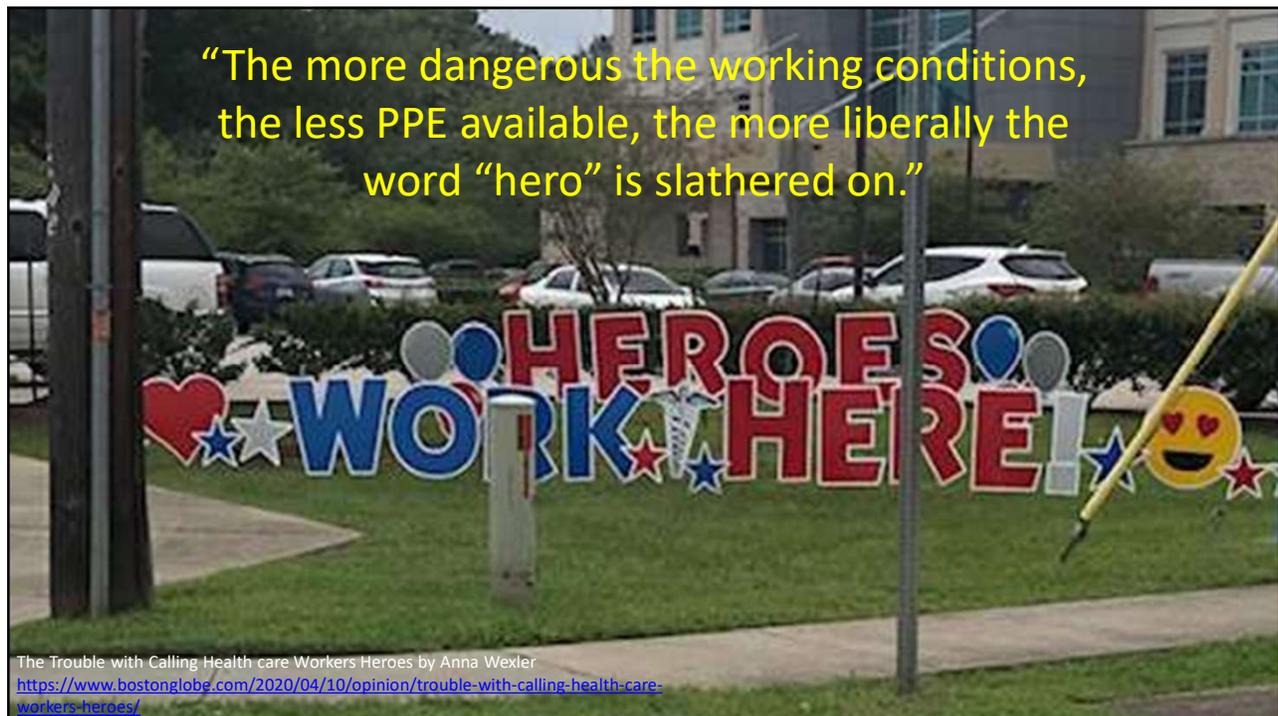
8

National Turnover (2019)

- Administrator = 53%
- DON = 55%
- RN = 70%
- LPN = 50%
- CNA = 79%

(Estimated turnover rates for these categories according to data from the AHCA/NCAL Trend Tracker report provided by Arizona Health Care Association.)

9



10



11

—

Maintaining Healthcare Workforce

Shortages of supplies (real and potential) have been well described – ***additional supplies will not be helpful unless there is an adequate workforce*** (emphasis added)

Staff must be able to perform their duties to their full potential over an ***extended period of time*** (emphasis added)

While also coping with (emphasis added) societal shifts, emotional stressors, exposure, extreme workloads, moral dilemmas and a rapidly evolving practice environment

Understanding and Addressing Sources of Anxiety Among Health Care Professionals During the COVID-19 Pandemic
<https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jama/fullarticle/2764380>

12



13



14

What are a few words that would describe one aspect of your facility culture?

15

What is Facility Culture?



16

“Nothing tests company culture more than crisis, uncertainty or change and we need a solid culture to support our people to withstand the pressure of all this uncertainty.”

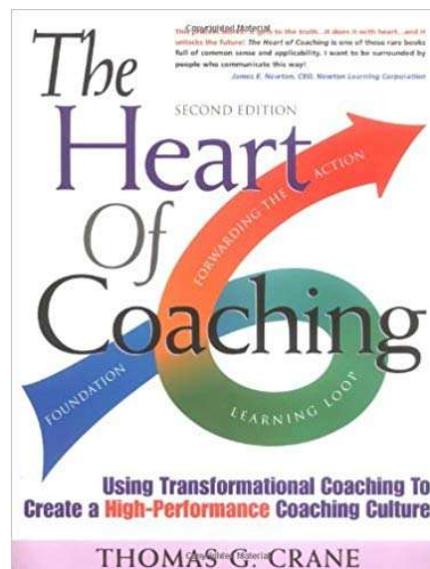
Why “cultural fitness” is key to improving company culture
<https://www.rewardgateway.com/blog/how-to-improve-company-culture>

17

Create Adaptive Cultures

Adaptability - Cultural characteristic most highly correlated with high performance

Ability of the organization to continuously respond to changing markets and new competitive environments



18

As an employee,
what is important
to you in your
workplace?

As a manager,
what do you think is
important to employees?

19

Performance
Motivators

What People
Want Most
From Their Job

Managers		Employees
1. Good wages	↘	1. Appreciation
2. Job security	↘	2. Feeling "in" on things
3. Promotion opportunities	↘	3. Understanding attitude
4. Good working conditions	↘	4. Job security
5. Interesting work	↘	5. Good wages
6. Loyalty from management	↘	6. Interesting work
7. Tactful discipline	↘	7. Promotion opportunities
8. Appreciation	↘	8. Loyalty from management
9. Understanding attitude	↘	9. Good working conditions
10. Feeling "in" on things	↘	10. Tactful discipline

Crane T. The Heart of Coaching. San Diego, CA: FTA Press; 2012.

20

Webinar Panel



Charlene Chu, PhD, RN
Assistant Professor
Lawrence S. Bloomberg Faculty of Nursing
University of Toronto, Canada



Franziska Zuniga, PhD, RN
University Lecturer, Head of Education
Nursing Science, Department of Public
Health
University of Basel, Switzerland



Michael Lepore, PhD
Vice President, Geriatric Institute, Adjunct
Assistant Professor of Health Services,
Policy, and Practice, Brown University,
United States of America

Charlene Chu, PhD, RN
Franziska Zuniga, PhD, RN
Michael Lepore, PhD

Retention / Intention to Stay

- Stability of staff: long-term relationships with residents / families; knowing the person; retain facility-specific knowledge, better quality of care
- Influencing factors: empowerment, supervisory support, possibility to provide good quality of care

Turnover / Intention to Leave

- Change in staff: new recruitment, temporary replacements; reduced productivity; costly; disorientation for cognitively impaired residents; poorer resident outcomes
- Influencing factors: work stress, burnout, job dissatisfaction

Different concepts with different influencing factors
Eliminating factors related to intention to leave will not have employees stay



21

Ask and then listen to what staff has to share



Is there anything frustrating or disappointing about your experience working here?

How are we treating you?

What would make working here better for you?

If you were the administrator, what would you do today?

22

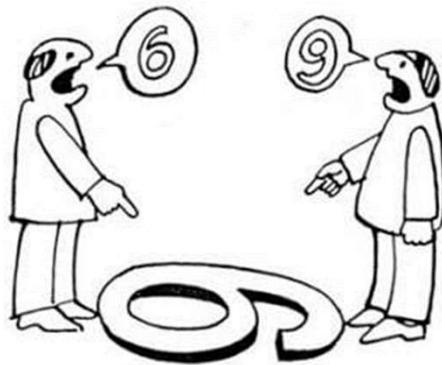
What frustrates you?

Let the person vent everything.

Dennis McIntee, Indiana Health Care Association Convention, 2020

23

Perception is Crucial



For example, if staff perceive their caseload is too high, ***pay attention***.

It is NOT a matter of right or wrong.

Does the system/facility/culture feel FAIR?

24

The culture's *perception* is the leadership's *reality*

Three important questions:

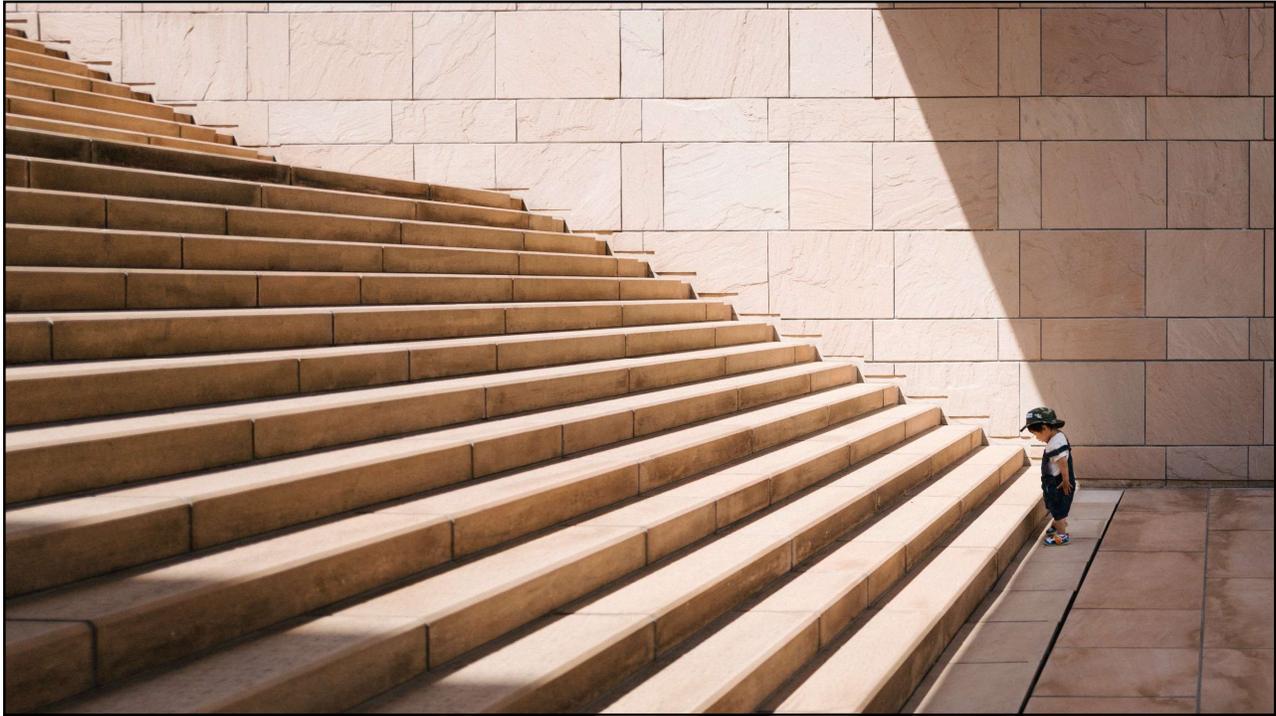
- Is that a perception I would like the culture to have?
- If that perception continues, will the organization be able to attain its desired results?
- If the answer to questions 1 and 2 are “No,” how do I have to change to create a different perception?

Balestracci D. *Data Sanity 2nd Edition*. Englewood, CO: Medical Group Management Association; 2015.

25



26



27

Think of someone you consider to be
a great leader in your life.

1. What makes that person special?
2. How do you feel around that person?

28

A leader is someone who can see how things can be improved and who rallies people to move toward that better vision. Leaders can work toward making their vision a reality while putting people first. Just being able to motivate people isn't enough — leaders need to be empathetic and connect with people to be successful.

Jacob Morgan

29



30



It Hurts.

- Moral Distress** – I know what to do but I am restrained from doing it
- Moral Injury** – I witness or engaged in behavior against moral norms
- Vicarious/secondary trauma** – Others' trauma may impact us

Definitions courtesy of Carla Cheatham, MA, MDiv, PhD, TRT

31



Burnout and Compassion Fatigue: *What's the Difference?*

Burnout:
 work overload
 lack of control* (Maslach, Schaufeli & Leiter, 2001)
 lack of reward
 lack of community
 lack of fairness
 value conflict

Compassion Fatigue:
 more care going out than coming in; it can be acute or chronic

Definitions courtesy of Carla Cheatham, MA, MDiv, PhD, TRT

32

Word of Caution

Emphasis on 'self-care' has become commonplace, yet the framework and systems to support staff to engage in self care are lacking.

If what staff are experiencing is burnout, telling them to 'practice self-care' is essentially blaming them when it is the system that needs repair.



33

"Are Your Nurses Experiencing Moral Injury?"

- How do I provide care when resources are not adequate?
- How do I care for infected patients while keeping my family safe if I am exposed to the virus?
- How do I cope with the fear and anger that I feel because of insufficient supplies and PPE?
- Am I putting patients at risk because I'm having to work in a position that I haven't been trained for?
- How do I take care of myself when so many people are in distress?

Are Your Nurses Experiencing Moral Injury?
<https://www.relias.com/blog/are-your-nurses-experiencing-moral-injury>

34

Addressing Moral Injury with Your Team (Slide 1 of 4)

1. **Start the conversation with informal peer groups, venues for “soul repair”**
 - Name the issues and then shift to a focus on a vision of the desired future state
 - What could joy at work look like? [A deep connection to a calling]

2. **Make psychological safety a priority**
 - Staff will trust that they will be supported and respected when they share their experiences
 - Feeling empowered to speak up, safe to discuss challenges, zero tolerance for blaming, bullying or retaliation
 - Embrace diversity – backgrounds, ages, cultures

Are Your Nurses Experiencing Moral Injury?

<https://www.relias.com/blog/are-your-nurses-experiencing-moral-injury>

35

Addressing Moral Injury with Your Team (Slide 2 of 4)

3. **Build relationship-focused leadership skills**
 - Research shows that “nurse leaders who are perceived as empathetic, relationship-focused, and empowering are associated with a range of positive outcomes among nurses, such as better professional well-being and higher job satisfaction and retention.” [National Academy of Medicine]
 - Invest in leadership development and training

4. **Empower [nurses]* to lead change**
 - Use quality improvement techniques to identify problems to solve and create solutions
 - Ask, “What gets in the way of you or your team providing high-quality care?”
 - Involvement in solutions increases engagement and commitment to success

Are Your Nurses Experiencing Moral Injury?

<https://www.relias.com/blog/are-your-nurses-experiencing-moral-injury>

36

Addressing Moral Injury with Your Team (Slide 3 of 4)

5. Promote vertical and lateral communication within your organization

- Shared governance – frontline staff participate in organizational decision-making, input into policies that affect patient care
- Research shows that nurse involvement in shared governance is associated with less burnout, greater job satisfaction and high retention*
- Shadowing program – administrator/managers shadow staff and vice versa; can also be lateral shadowing, e.g. physical therapist and nurse
- Breaking down silos!

*Kutney-Lee, A., Germack, H., Hatfield, L., Kelly, S., Maguire, P., Dierkes, A., Del Guidice, M., & Aiken, L. H. (2016). Nurse engagement in shared governance and patient and nurse outcomes. *The Journal of Nursing Administration*, 46(11), 605–612. <https://doi.org/10.1097/NNA.0000000000000412>

Are Your Nurses Experiencing Moral Injury?

<https://www.relias.com/blog/are-your-nurses-experiencing-moral-injury>

37

Addressing Moral Injury with Your Team (Slide 4 of 4)

6. Establish meaningful recognition programs

- Express gratitude (gratitude is a practice, not a feeling)
- Gratitude will not solve the causes of moral injury, but it provides support to staff
- Must be meaningful and *ingrained* in the culture

7. Foster career development of [staff]*

- Help staff develop personal career pathways
- What are their interests? How do they want to expand their expertise?
Doesn't necessarily have to be 'work-related'!

Are Your Nurses Experiencing Moral Injury?

<https://www.relias.com/blog/are-your-nurses-experiencing-moral-injury>

38



What Can We Do?

- **Hear me** – listen to their concerns, leadership to be available and present, welcome input and feedback
- **Protect me** – PPE, testing for staff, safety protocols, regular messaging
- **Prepare me** – if asked to perform duties outside of their usual job description, provide training and coaching, encourage people to ask for help
- **Support me** – acknowledge that each person has their own struggles, stresses and anxieties
 - Compassion, tolerance, understanding and support are crucial
- **Care for me** – work-related stresses may vary by department or discipline, people new to the job/environment may be struggling

Stresses and anxieties in the time of the COVID-19 pandemic — what we can learn
<https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s00247-020-04727-9>

39



40



41

Healthcare professionals struggle with asking for help

- Help them prioritize
- Give permission to defer less important activities
- Help determine when delegation is appropriate
- Support them and help them make these decisions

Understanding and Addressing Sources of Anxiety Among Health Care Professionals During the COVID-19 Pandemic
<https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jama/fullarticle/2764380>

42

Setting Boundaries



43

What are Boundaries?

- Simply put, a boundary describes what is okay and what is not okay
- Setting boundaries is essential to creating a safe workplace
- If we don't set boundaries, we let people get away with things that are not okay and then we get resentful
- Boundaries are essential for self-care and emotional regulation



<https://www.bing.com/videos/search?q=brene+brown+on+boundaries&docid=608035290736428770&mid=C6041D153E9FA487A7FFC6041D153E9FA487A7FF&view=detail&FORM=VIRE>

44

Why Is Setting Boundaries SO HARD?!

We care more about what people will think

We want people to like us

We don't want to disappoint anyone



Brene Brown

45

Boundaries are not separation or division



46

Boundaries Are Respect!



47

Compassionate people ask for what they need. They say no when they need to, and when they say yes, they mean it. They're compassionate because their boundaries keep them out of resentment.

~Brene Brown

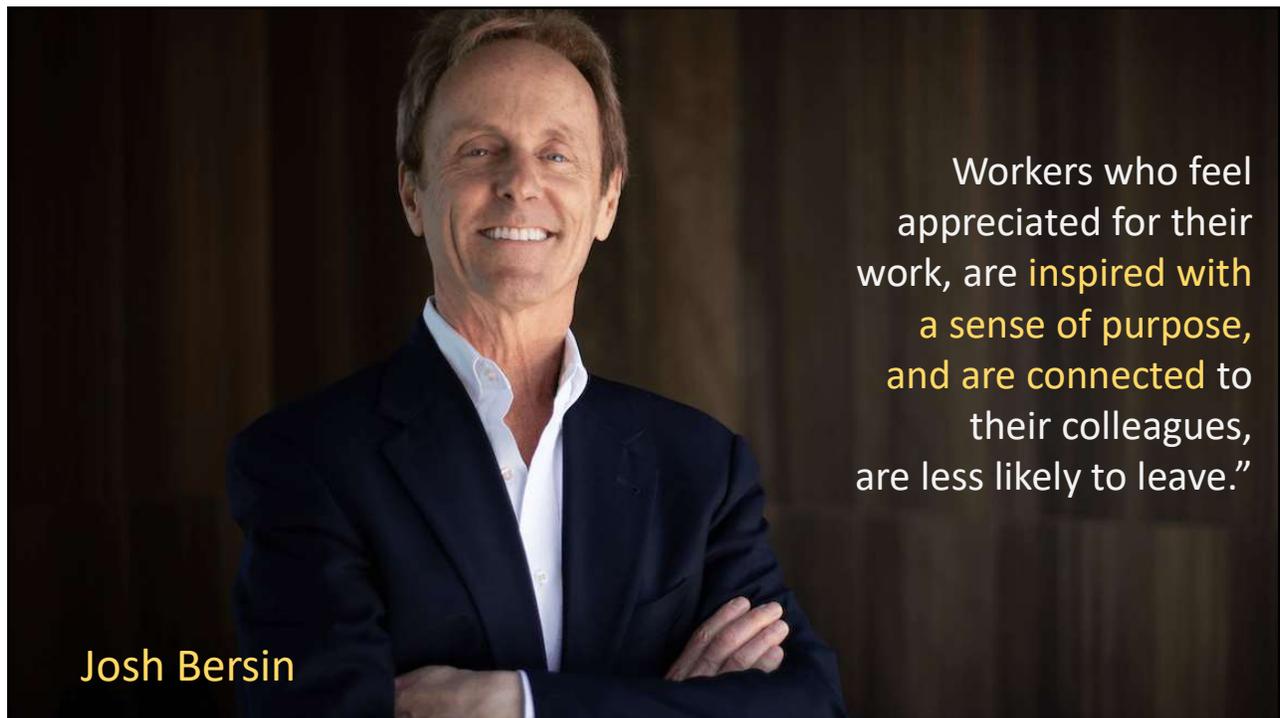


48



Purpose

49



Workers who feel appreciated for their work, are **inspired with a sense of purpose**, and are connected to their colleagues, are less likely to leave."

Josh Bersin

50



51



52



53

Invite Staff To Share

- 1) Why did you first get into this field?
- 2) Why do you stay?

Image by Terrance Osborne
<https://terranceosborne.com/product-category/prints/>

54



55

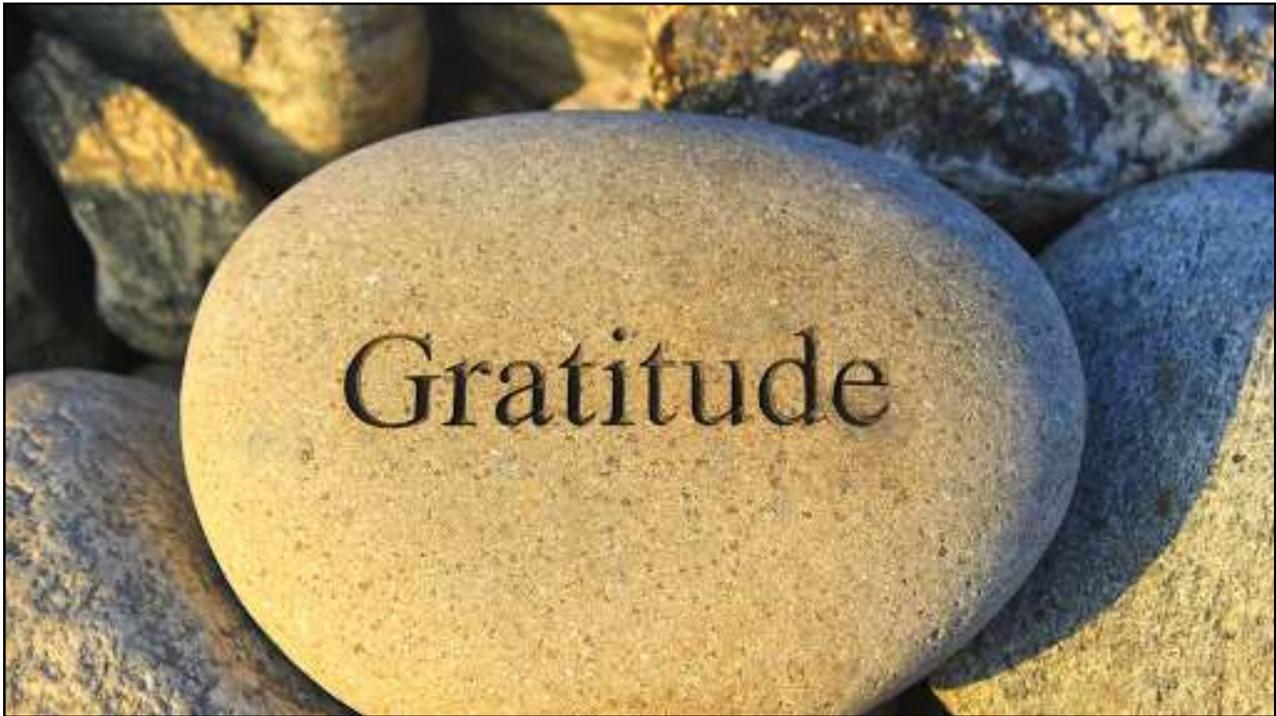
Your colleague says,
"I'm taking some time off."

Which one describes your reaction?

- "What would it be like..."
- "Must be nice! I wish I could take time off, too."



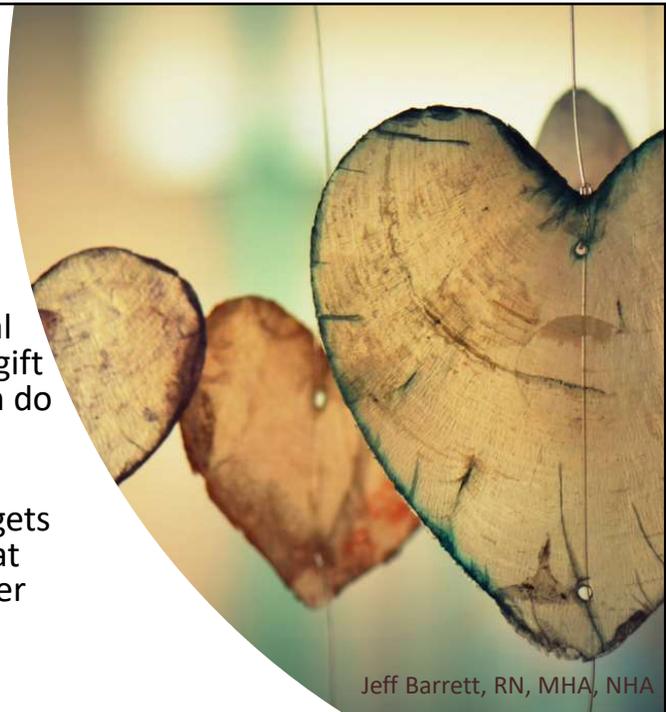
56



57

Gratitude Practices A Couple Ideas

- Send a letter to staff member's family thanking them for sharing their special person at work. If possible, enclose a gift card for something that the family can do together.
- Create an "Employee Care Plan" and identify the person's strengths, what gets them excited about work, routines that are important to them, how they prefer to be recognized, fun things like their favorite soda and candy.



Jeff Barrett, RN, MHA, NHA

58



Carla Cheatham

How “*Thank you for all you do!*” Can Backfire

“When it becomes rote, we stop believing you and feel like it’s just a campaign slogan. It feels kinda like we’re being played or duped into feeling appreciated, especially if nothing else in the organization actually changes other than your signature line to us. It just doesn’t feel good when it begins to seem automatic rather than something you’ve actually thought about, which I completely trust is NOT your goal, at all.”

<http://carlacheatham.com/how-thank-you-for-all-you-do-can-backfire/>

59

Is there a difference between appreciation and recognition?

60



61

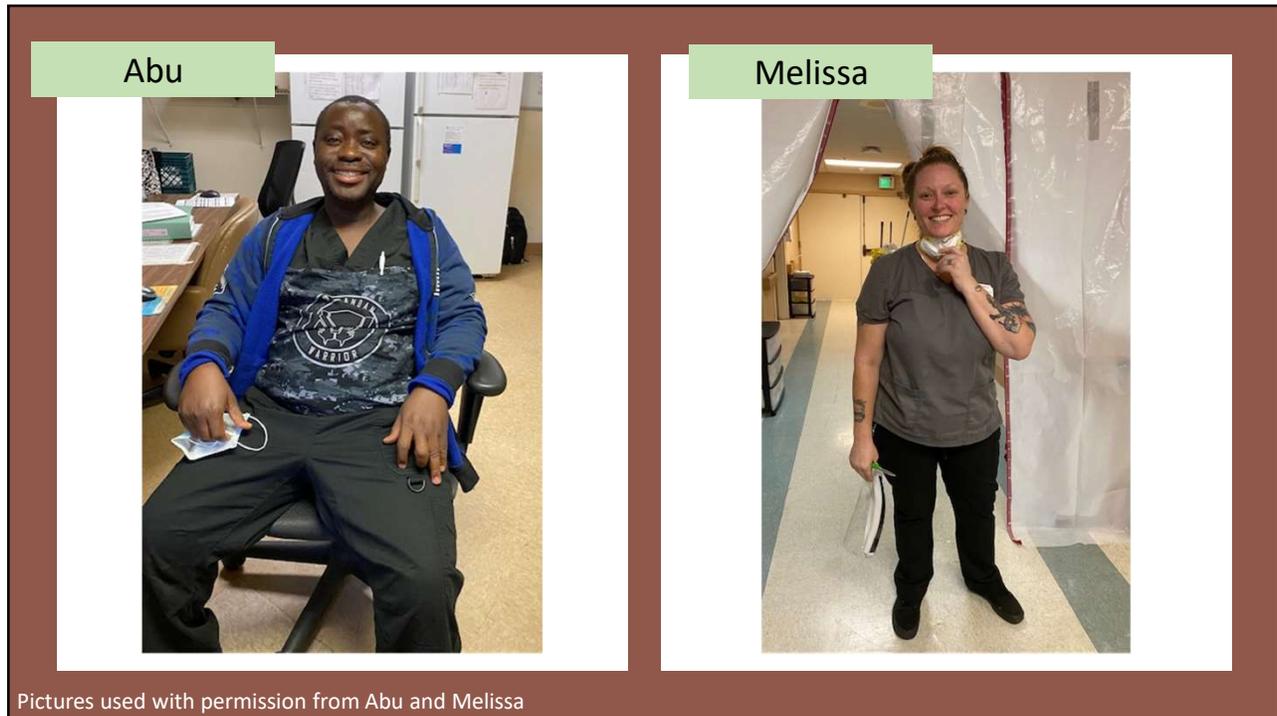
Recognition Stories

A well-written recognition story connects employees to the business with three components.

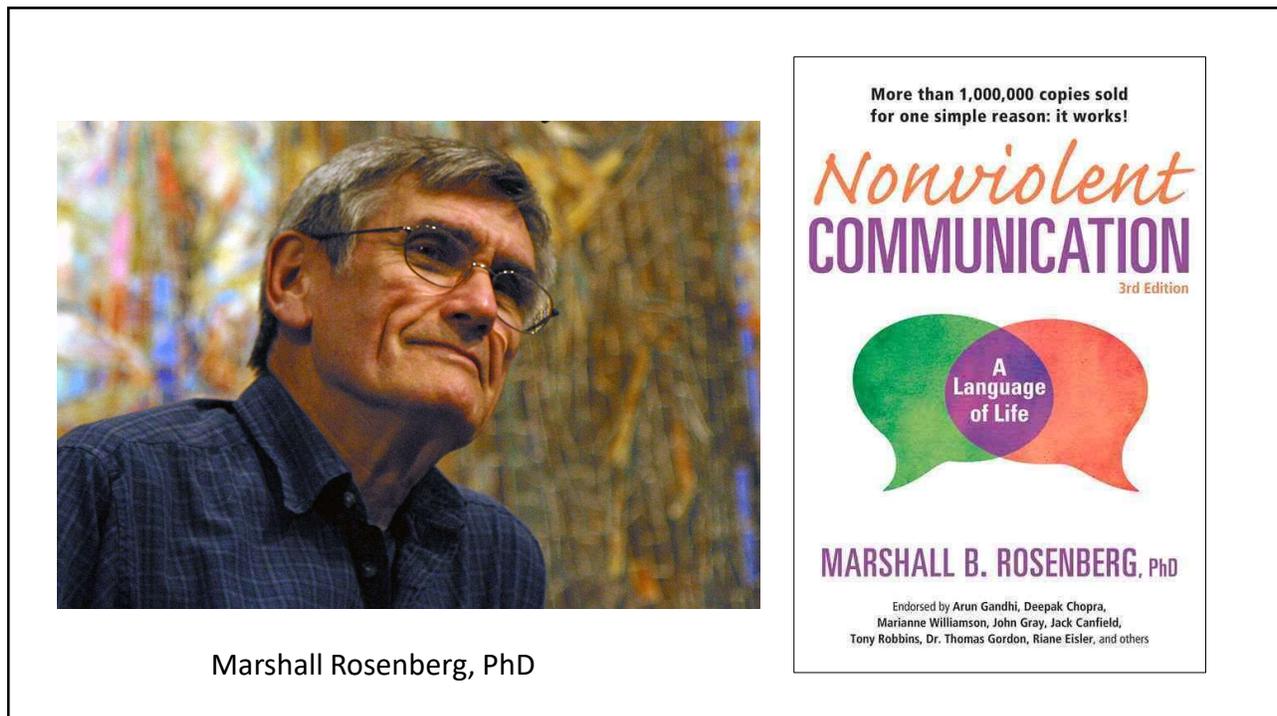
1. **Action** – describe what they did
2. **Focus** – relate this event to a company value
3. **Impact** – describe the result, potential savings or other impact

"Increasing Employee Engagement Through Strategic Recognition" by Josh Bersin

62



63



64

Needs

<p>Physical well-being</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> air food water shelter protection (emotional) safety movement rest sleep touch sexual expression health comfort warmth 	<p>Harmony</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> peace tranquility relaxation beauty order ease predictability familiarity stability balance completion wholeness <p>Autonomy</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> choice freedom time space independence 	<p>Power</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> self-esteem confidence dignity inner power empowerment competence effectiveness <p>Pleasure</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> to celebrate to mourn flow humor laughter vitality challenge stimulation 	<p>Connection</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> collaboration reciprocity communication company to belong durability continuity to give to receive to see / to be seen to hear / to be heard to understand to be understood <p>Liveliness</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> to discover adventure passion spontaneity play <p>Authenticity</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> honesty integrity transparency openness self-expression 	<p>Meaning</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> to learn growth to contribute to enrich life hope creativity inspiration purpose clarity awareness liberation transformation to matter participate to be present simplicity 	<p>Love and attention</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> love compassion care attention acceptance appreciation reassurance affection trust involvement respect care support nearness intimacy tenderness softness sensitivity friendliness
---	---	--	---	--	---


www.cupofempathy.com

65

Feelings when my needs are fulfilled			Feelings when my needs are not fulfilled			
<p>Physical feelings</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> relaxed comfortable energetic centered balanced big soft strong lively in flow full free 	<p>Satisfied</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> fulfilled satisfied content <p>Cheerful</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> happy amused joyous cheerful delighted ecstatic 	<p>Thankful</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> grateful moved touched <p>Amazed</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> surprised flabbergasted <p>Hopeful</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> heartened encouraged desirous optimistic <p>Curious</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> fascinated interested engaged involved inspired <p>Confident</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> resolute confident powerful open proud safe 	<p>Physical feelings</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> pain limp empty small smothered short of breath tense wretched sick <p>Sad</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> disappointed dispirited melancholic depressed down gloomy desirous nostalgic <p>Regret</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> guilty repentance <p>Worried</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> tense nervous anxious 	<p>Pain</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> hurt lonely wretched mourning <p>Vulnerable</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> fragile uncertain sensitive <p>Tired</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> defeated burnt-out exhausted sleepy weary <p>Withdrawn</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> bored detached isolated alienated apathetic cold numb impatient <p>Ashamed</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> guilty embarrassed shy 	<p>Desperate</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> helpless hopeless powerless uncertain <p>Skeptical</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> torn lost bewildered perplexed confused <p>Scared</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> afraid suspicious panicked paralyzed startled anxious <p>Uncomfortable</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> troubled nervous restless uncertain insecure <p>Envious</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> jealous 	<p>Shocked</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> startled upset surprised disturbed alert panic overwhelmed <p>Frustrated</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> irritated annoyed impatient embittered irritable <p>Rage</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> angry mad upset furious resentful <p>Hate</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> hostile aversion bitter loathing contempt

<https://cupofempathy.com/get-the-empathy-toolkit/>

66

Identifying and naming our feelings and needs is powerful and increases resilience

- My need for honest communication is not met and I feel uncertain of what's going to happen next.
- My need to participate in decision making is not met and I feel resentful to not be involved.
- My need for stability is not met and I feel afraid.
- My need for safety is not met and I feel furious.
- My need for predictability is met and I feel more confident that I can do my best work for the residents today.

67

Saying “thank you” in Nonviolent Communication (NVC) Language

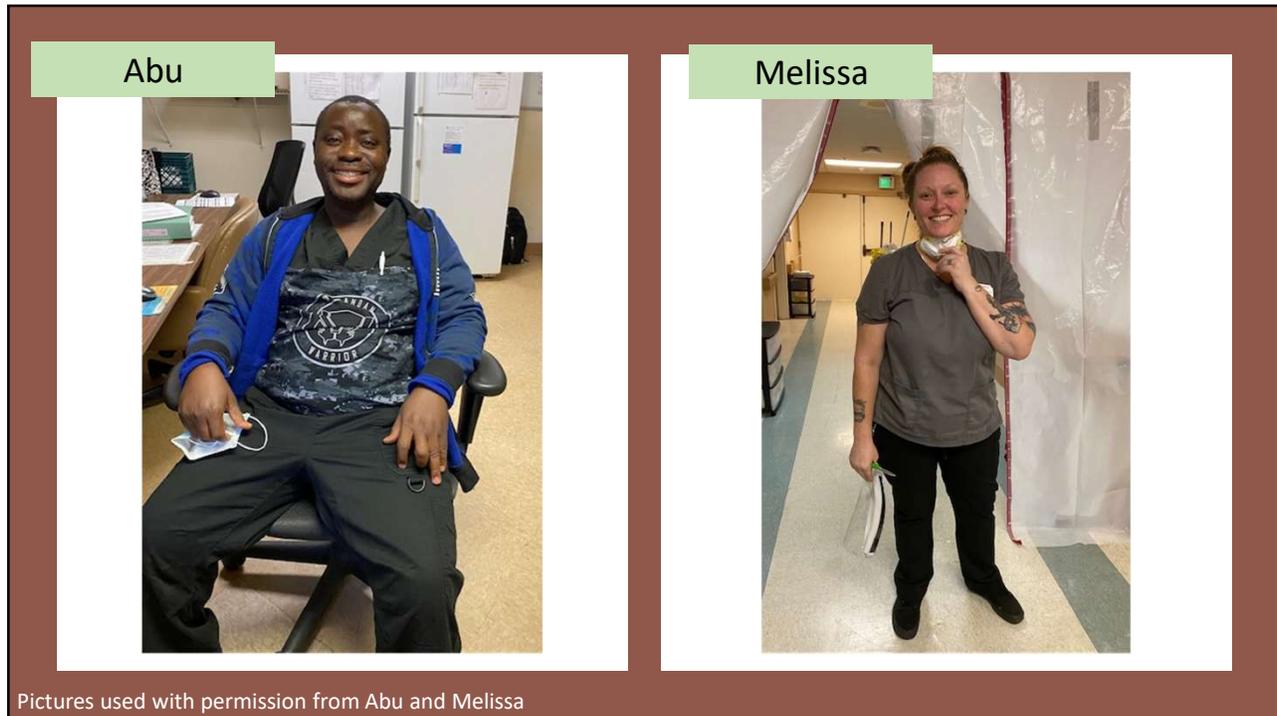
NVC distinguishes three components in the expression of appreciation:

1. The actions that have contributed to our well-being
2. The particular needs of ours that have been fulfilled
3. The pleasurable feelings engendered by the fulfillment of those needs

“This is what you did; this is what I feel; this is the need of mine that was met.”

Rosenberg M. Nonviolent Communication. Encinitas, CA: PuddleDancer Press; 2015.

68



69

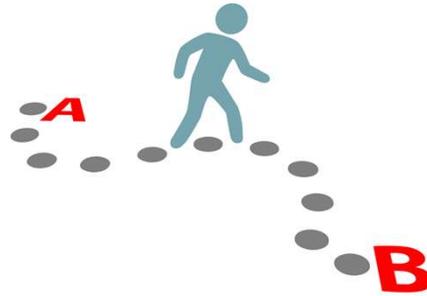
What appreciation might someone give you that would leave you jumping for joy?

70

Identify Next Steps (for Action)

By next Monday, I will...

I will share this information with...



"Engaging Adult Learners, Delivering a "Wow Worthy" Presentation", Center for Excellence in Educational Leadership, https://cdn.ymaws.com/www.cocase.org/resource/resmgr/Professional_Learning/CASE_PresentationPlanningWor.pdf

71

Thank you for sharing your
time with me.

Paige Hector, LMSW

paige@paigeahead.com

520-955-3387



72